Name	Date
Trigonometry	Mr. Lupinacci

TEST #3

Trigonometry

PART I: NO CALCULATORS PERMITTED.

Leave your answers in simplest radical form. SHOW ALL WORK. CLEARLY identify your answers.

DIRECTIONS:

Leave your answers in simplest radical form. SHOW ALL WORK. CLEARLY identify your answers.

1. Define each trig function in terms of opp, adj, hyp:

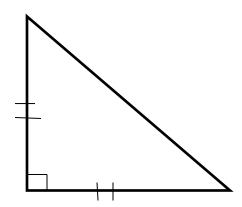
(3pts)

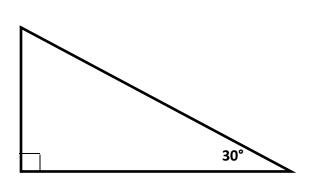
$$\sin \Theta =$$

$$\cos \Theta =$$

tan
$$\Theta$$
 =

- 2. Complete: $\sin 20^\circ = \cos$ _____ (1pt)
- 3. Fill in possible measurements for the sides of each of the following triangles (there are many appropriate solutions). (2pts)



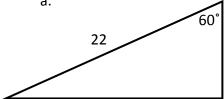


Leave your answers in simplest radical form. SHOW ALL WORK. CLEARLY identify your answers.

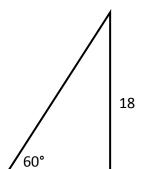
4. Find the missing *sides* of each right triangle:

(6pts)

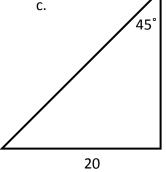
a.



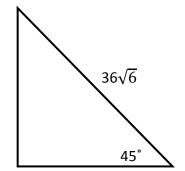
b.



c.



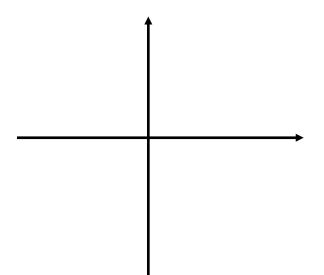
d.



5. Construct a 225° angle on the coordinate axes below.

Determine the reference angle and find the exact trig values.

(5pts)



Reference angle: _____

sin 225° =

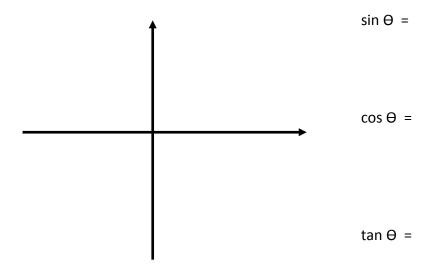
cos 225° =

tan 225° =

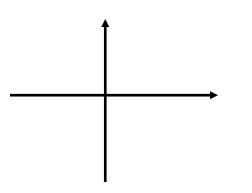
6. Angle Θ is created by the point (6, -8). Plot the point and graph the resulting ray on the coordinate axes below.

(5pts)

Find the trig values.



7. What is the reference angle for -205° ?



8. Find the trig values of $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

(1pt)

$$\sin \frac{5\pi}{6} =$$

$$\cos \frac{5\pi}{6} =$$

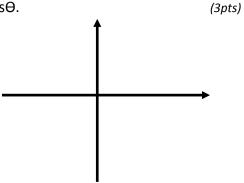
$$\tan \frac{5\pi}{6} =$$

9. a)
$$Tan^{-1}(\sqrt{3})$$
 b) $Sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{2})$ c) $Cos^{-1}(\frac{1}{2})$

b)
$$Sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

c)
$$Cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

10. If $\tan\theta = -\frac{8}{15}$ and $\sin\theta > 0$, find $\sin\theta$ and $\cos\theta$.



- 11. a. Convert to radians: 120° =
- b. Convert to degrees: $\frac{5\pi}{18}$ =

$$\frac{5\pi}{18} =$$

(2pts)

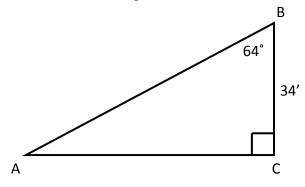
Part II: Calculators are allowed.

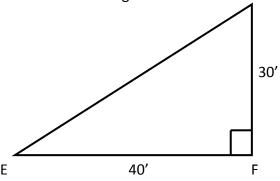
Round all sides to the nearest tenth and all angles to the nearest degree. SHOW ALL WORK.

D

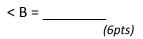
(8pts)

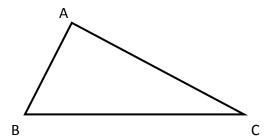
12. Solve the triangle:





14. Solve for <B, if <C = 29°, a = 17′, and b = 15′.





15. If BC = 19.6, how many triangles can be constructed?



